

$$\text{I. b)} \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} 3x_1 + 8x_2 - 3x_3 = 5 \\ 4x_2 + x_3 = 1 \end{array} \right\}$$

$$\text{II. } \left. \begin{array}{l} 3x_1 - 4x_2 + x_3 = 4 \\ 3x_1 + x_2 - 2x_3 = 1 \end{array} \right\}$$

$$\text{III. } -5x_3 = 10$$

$$x_3 = -2 \quad \text{in II: } x_2 = \frac{3}{4}$$

$$\text{in I: } 3x_1 = 5 - \frac{8 \cdot 3}{4} + 3 \cdot (-2) = -1 - 6$$

$$x_1 = -\frac{7}{3} \quad \mathbb{U} = \left\{ \left(-\frac{7}{3}, \frac{3}{4}, -2 \right) \right\}$$

$$x_3 = 2 \quad \text{in I und II:}$$

$$3x_1 - 4x_2 + 2 = 4$$

$$3x_1 + x_2 - 4 = 1$$

$$\text{Ia. } \left. \begin{array}{l} 3x_1 - 4x_2 = 2 \\ 3x_1 + x_2 = 5 \end{array} \right\}$$

$$\text{IIa. } \left. \begin{array}{l} 3x_1 - 4x_2 = 2 \\ -5x_2 = -3 \end{array} \right\}$$

$$3x_1 = 2 + 4 \cdot \left(\frac{3}{5} \right)$$

$$= \frac{22}{15}$$

$$x_2 = \frac{3}{5}; x_1 = \frac{22}{15}$$

$$4 = \left\{ \left(\frac{22}{15}, \frac{3}{5}, 2 \right) \right\}$$

GTR!

S.214 ③ b.) Beachte: Es gibt natürlich etliche Möglichkeiten, wie Zeilen veroeffentlicht und addiert/subtrahiert werden können, um die Stufenform zu erhalten...

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{I} \\ \text{II} \\ \text{III} \end{array} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} 2x_1 - 3x_2 - x_3 = 1 \\ 2x_2 + 3x_3 = 1 \\ 4x_1 + 2x_2 + 3x_3 = 6 \end{array} \right.$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{I.a} \\ \text{II.a} \\ \text{III.a} \end{array} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} 4x_1 - 6x_2 - 2x_3 = 2 \\ -8x_2 - 5x_3 = -4 \\ 2x_2 + 3x_3 = 1 \end{array} \right.$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{I.b} \\ \text{II.b} \\ \text{III.b} \end{array} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} 4x_1 - 6x_2 - 2x_3 = 2 \\ -8x_2 - 5x_3 = -4 \\ 8x_2 + 12x_3 = 4 \end{array} \right.$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{I.c} \\ \text{II.c} \\ \text{III.c} \end{array} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} 4x_1 - 6x_2 - 2x_3 = 2 \\ -8x_2 - 5x_3 = -4 \\ 7x_3 = 0 \end{array} \right.$$

$$L = \left\{ \left(\frac{5}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, 0 \right) \right\}$$

! 3b

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} 4x_1 - 6x_2 - 2x_3 = 2 \\ -8x_2 - 5x_3 = -4 \\ 7x_3 = 0 \end{array} \right. \Rightarrow x_3 = 0$$

\uparrow in I.c $4x_1 - 6 \cdot \frac{1}{2} - 2 \cdot 0 = 2 \Rightarrow x_1 = \frac{5}{4}$

\uparrow in II.c $-8x_2 - 5 \cdot 0 = -4 \Rightarrow x_2 = \frac{1}{2}$

S.2/4 (4) a.)

$$\text{I} \left\{ 2x_1 - 4x_2 + 5x_3 = 3 \right.$$

$$\text{II} \left\{ 3x_1 + 3x_2 + 7x_3 = 13 \right.$$

$$\text{III} \left\{ 4x_1 - 2x_2 - 3x_3 = -1 \right.$$

$$\text{I} \left\{ 2x_1 - 4x_2 + 5x_3 = 3 \right.$$

$$\text{II}_a \left\{ -18x_2 + x_3 = -17 \right.$$

$$\text{III}_b \left\{ -38x_3 = -38 \right\}$$

$$\text{I} \left\{ 2x_1 - 4x_2 + 5x_3 = 3 \right.$$

$$\text{II} \left\{ 3x_1 + 3x_2 + 7x_3 = 13 \right.$$

$$\text{III}_a \left\{ 6x_2 - 13x_3 = -7 \right\}$$

$$X_3 = 1 \quad \text{in III: } X_2 = -\frac{17 - 1}{-18} = 1$$

$$\text{in I: } 2x_1 = 4 \cdot 1 - 5 \cdot 1 + 3 = 2$$

$$X_1 = 1$$

$$\text{I} \left\{ 2x_1 - 4x_2 + 5x_3 = 3 \right.$$

$$\text{II} \left\{ 3x_1 + 3x_2 + 7x_3 = 13 \right.$$

$$\text{III} \left\{ 6x_2 - 13x_3 = -7 \right\}$$

$$\text{II}_a = 3 \cdot \text{I} - 1 \cdot \text{II}$$

$$\boxed{\text{L} = \{(1; 1; 1)\}}$$

$$I \left\{ -x_1 + 7x_2 - x_3 = 5 \right\}$$

$$II \left\{ 4x_1 - x_2 + x_3 = 1 \right\}$$

$$III \left\{ 5x_1 - 3x_2 + x_3 = -1 \right\}$$

$$I - X_1 + 7X_2 - X_3 = 5$$

$$IIa \left\{ 3X_1 + 6X_2 = 6 \right\}$$

$$IIa = I + II$$

$$III \left\{ 4X_1 + 4X_2 = 4 \right\}$$

$$III = 4 \cdot I - 3 \cdot II$$

$$I \left\{ -x_1 + 7x_2 - x_3 = 5 \right\}$$

$$IIa \left\{ 3x_1 + 6x_2 = 6 \right\}$$

$$IIIb \left\{ 12x_2 = 12 \right\}$$

$$x_2 = 1 \text{ in } IIa: 3x_1 = 0$$

$$\text{in } I: -x_3 = 5 - 7 + 0; x_3 = 2$$

$$L = \{(0, 1, 2)\}$$